

The Software Assurance Ecosystem:

OMG's Approach to Systems & Software Assurance

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*With thanks to the OMG Systems Assurance Domain
Task Force, especially Dr. Ben Calloni*

OMG's Mission

- Develop an architecture, using appropriate technology, for modeling & distributed application integration, guaranteeing:
 - reusability of components
 - interoperability & portability
 - basis in commercially available software
- Specifications *freely available*
- Implementations exist
- Member-controlled not-for-profit

Who Are OMG?

Adaptive

Fair, Isaac

Microsoft

OIS

Atego

Firestar Software

MITRE

Oracle

Boeing

Fujitsu

Model Driven
Solutions

PrismTech

Business Rules
Group

HCL

National Archives

Real-Time Innov.

CA Technologies

Hewlett Packard

NEC

SAP

Citigroup

Hitachi

NIST

TCS

CSC

HSBC

No Magic

Tether's End

EADS

IBM

NTT DoCoMo

THALES

EDS

Lockheed Martin

Northrop Grumman

Unisys

Energistics

MEGA International

OASIS

W3C



OMG & Modeling

- Best known for key standards in modeling languages:
 - UML (broad software & systems)
 - SysML (systems engineering)
 - SoaML (service-oriented architectures)
 - BPMN (business processes)
 - CWM (data warehouses)
 - MOF (modeling languages)

OMG's Focus

- Three key “infrastructure” standards foci:
 - Modeling
 - Middleware
 - Real-time & other specialized systems
- More than 20 “vertical market” foci:
 - Healthcare
 - Financial services
 - Robotics
 - Etc.



OMG Systems Assurance Task Force

- The Task Force (SysA TF) is focusing across all OMG vertical applications domains
 - Existing: healthcare, finance, military, manufacturing, telecommunications, etc.
 - New: smart energy grid, automotive
- Three co-chairs
 - Ms. Djenana Campara, KDM Analytics
 - Dr. Ben Calloni, Lockheed Martin
 - Mr. Paul Work, Raytheon



SysA TF Strategy & Focus

- Strategy
 - Establish a common framework for analysis and exchange of information related to systems assurance and trustworthiness. This trustworthiness will assist in facilitating systems that better support Security, Safety, Software and Information Assurance
- Immediate focus of SysA TF is to complete work related to
 - Software Assurance (SwA) Ecosystem - **common framework for presenting and analyzing properties of system trustworthiness** that
 - leverages and connects existing OMG specifications and identifies new specifications that need to be developed to complete the framework
 - provides integrated tooling environments for different tool types
 - Is architected to improve software system analysis and achieve higher automation of risk analysis

Delivering System Assurance:

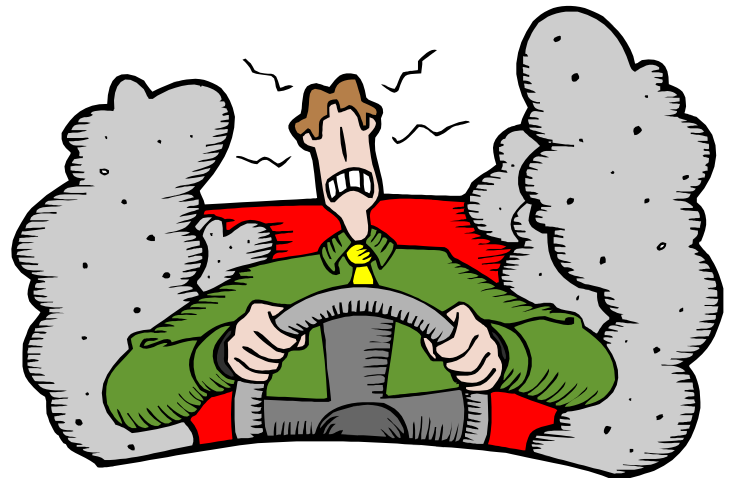
Delivering System Predictability and Reducing Uncertainty

- Software Assurance (SwA) is 3 step process
 - 1. Specify Assurance Case**
 - Enable supplier to make **bounded assurance claims** about safety, security and/or dependability of systems, product or services
 - 2. Obtain Evidence for Assurance Case**
 - Perform software assurance assessment to justify claims of meeting a set of requirements through a structure of sub-claims, arguments, and supporting evidence
 - Collecting Evidence and verifying claims' compliance is complex and costly process
 - 3. Use Assurance Case to calculate and mitigate risk**
 - Exam non compliant claims and their evidence to calculate risk and identify course of actions to mitigate it
- Each stakeholder will have their own risk assessment – e.g. security, liability, performance, compliance

Currently, SwA 3 step process is informal, subjective & manual

Limitations of Current Assessment Approaches

- There is currently a lack of formalized methodology between high level policy claims and evidence means a laborious, unrepeatable (I.e., subjective), lengthy and costly certification process
- Current assessment approaches resist automation

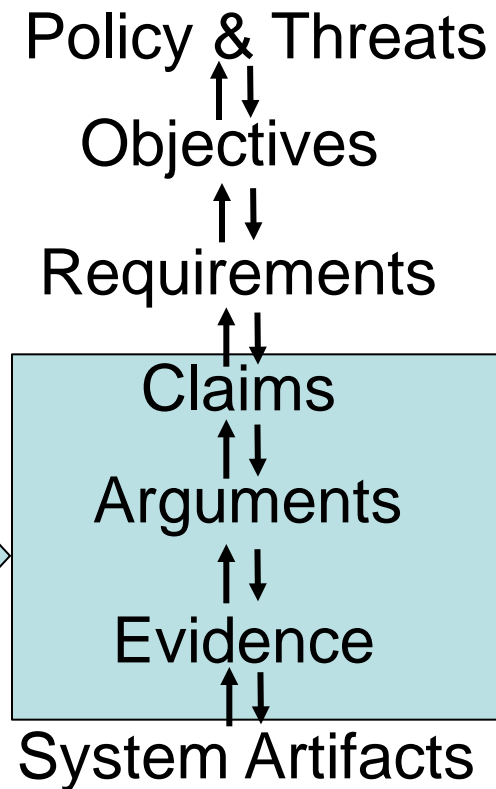


The SwA Process

Claim:
“It rained
last night!”



Methodology
Gap



Improving System Assessments: Systematic, Objective and Automated

Key Requirements:

1. Specified assurance compliance points through formal specification
2. Transparency of software process & systems
3. End-to-end Traceability: *from code to models to evidence to arguments to security requirements to policy*
4. Standards based Integrated tooling environment

Together, these requirements enable the management of system knowledge and knowledge about properties, providing a high degree of transparency, traceability and automation

The Software Assurance Ecosystem: Turning Challenge into Solution

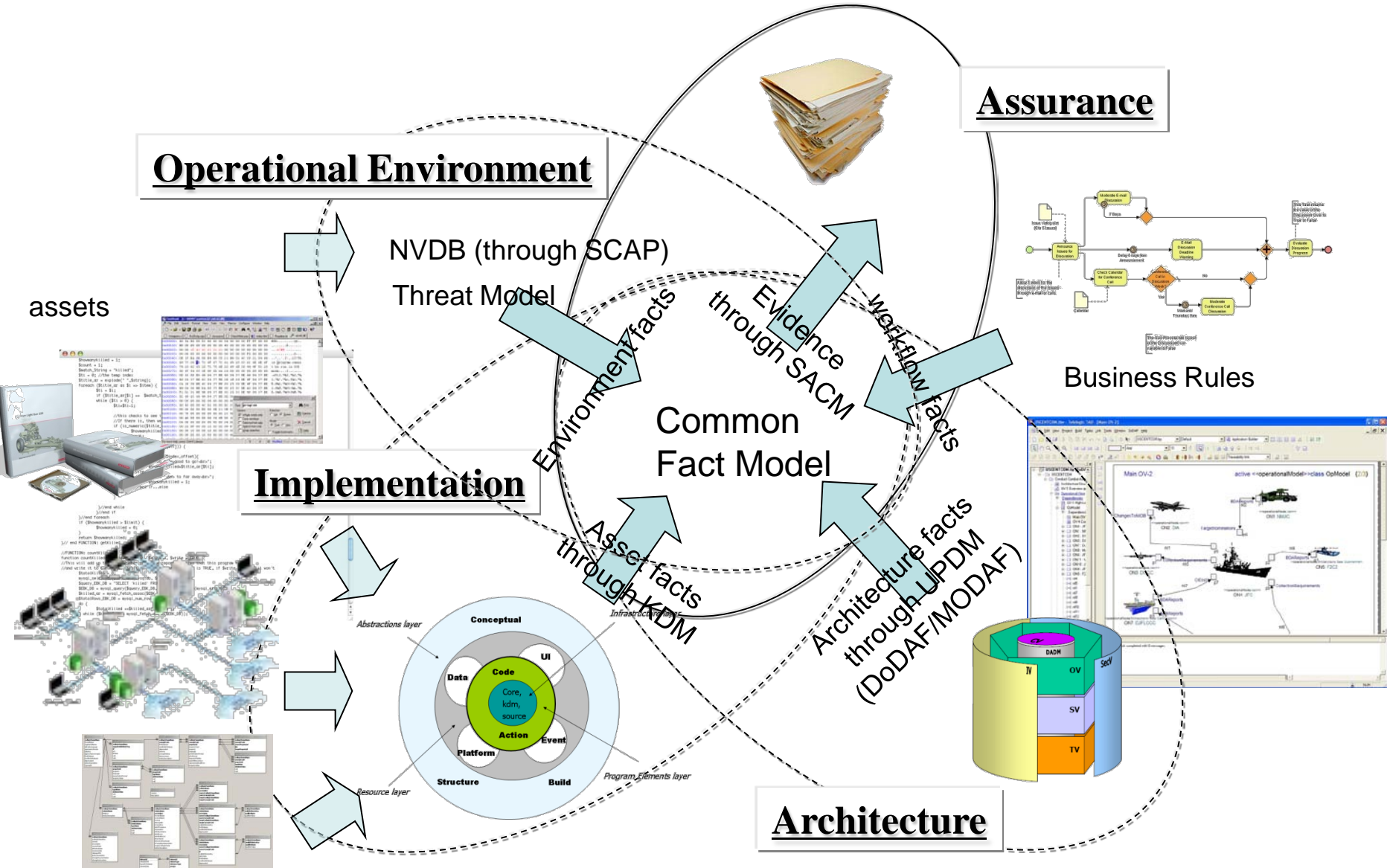
- The SwA Ecosystem is a formal framework for analysis and exchange of information related to software security and trustworthiness
- The SwA Ecosystem provides a technical environment in which formalized claims, arguments and evidence can be brought together with formalized and abstracted software system representations to support high automation and high fidelity analysis.
- The SwA Ecosystem is based entirely on ISO/OMG Open Standards:
 - Semantics of Business Vocabulary and Rules (SBVR)
 - Knowledge Discovery Metamodel (KDM)
 - Structure Metrics Metamodel (SMM)
 - Structured Assurance Case Metamodel (SACM) (Adopted June 2010)
 - Software Assurance Evidence Metamodel (SAEM)
 - Argumentation Metamodel (ARM)
- The SwA Ecosystem is architected with a focus on providing fundamental improvements in analysis

Leveraging what we already have through SwA Ecosystem

- The Software Assurance Ecosystem enables industry and government agencies to **leverage** and **connect** existing policies, practices, processes and tools, in an affordable and efficient manner
- The key enabler is the Software Assurance (SwA) Ecosystem **Infrastructure**
 - an open standards-based integrated tooling environment that dramatically reduces the cost of software assurance activities
 - Integrates different communities: Formal Methods, Assurance Case, Reverse Engineering and Static Analysis, and Dynamic Analysis for a System Assurance solution
 - Enables different tools to interoperate
 - Introduces many new vendors to ecosystem because they each leverage parts of the tool chain

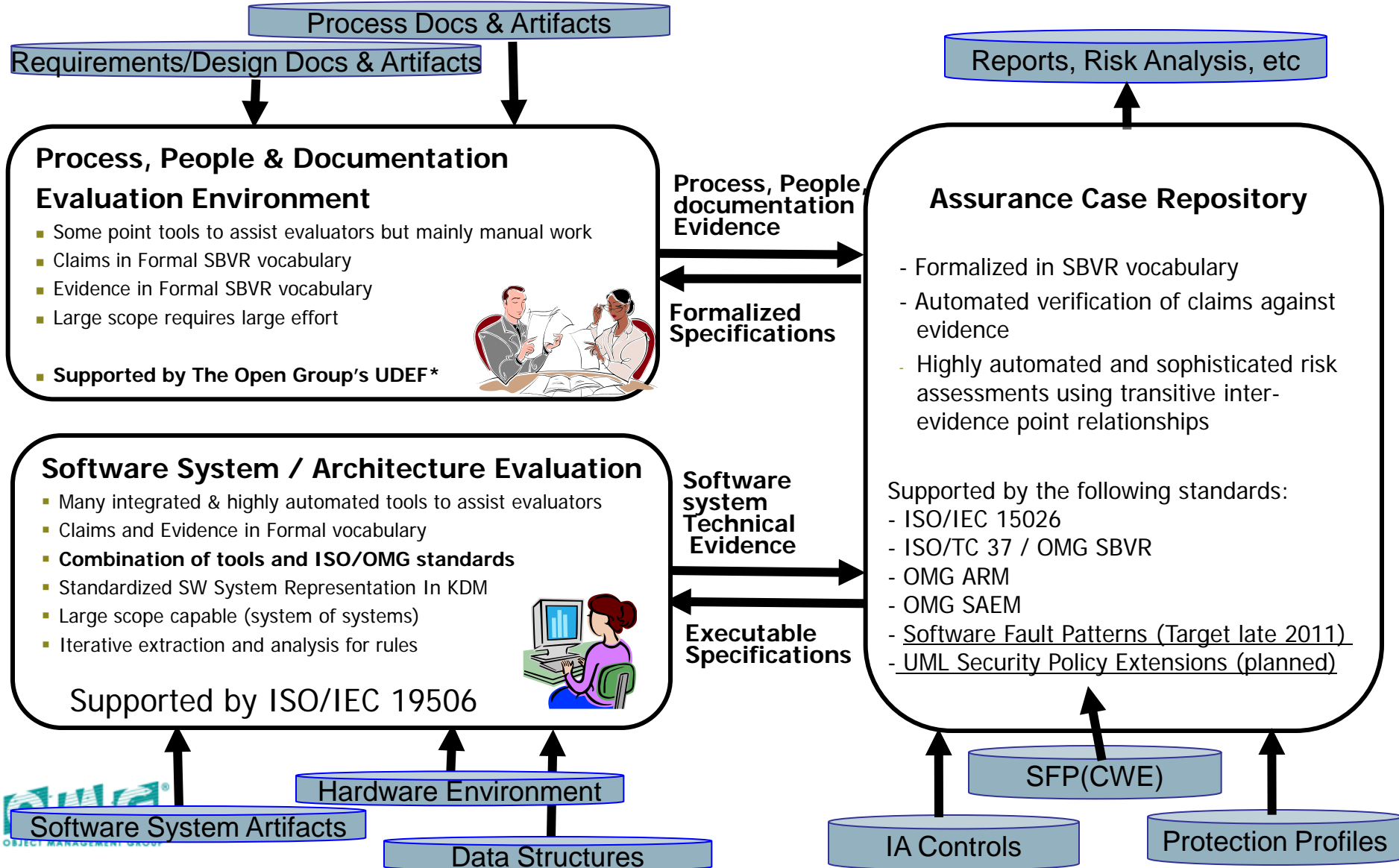
Where We are Going: Expanding the SwA Ecosystem

Common Fact Model



Software Assurance Ecosystem: The Formal Framework for System Assessments with Focus on Automation

Tools Interoperability and Unified Reporting Environment



Summary of the SwA Ecosystem Approach

- Normalized uniform common fact model
 - Separation of data feeds from reasoning
 - Standards-based
- Assurance case and SBVR
 - Representation of substantive reasoning
 - Natural language
- End-to-end multi-segment Traceability models
 - Code to state diagrams
 - Code to architecture
 - Code to conceptual model
 - Code to evidence determined by arguments
 - Evidence to arguments
 - Arguments to policy
- Focus on polynomial path-based properties
 - Instead of exponential state-based properties
- Arguments are “executable” queries to the fact model

Key Value of the SwA

The Key Value of the SwA Ecosystem Approach is End-to-end Traceability:

from code

to models

to evidence

to arguments

to security requirements to policy



For More Information

- OMG Systems Assurance Domain Task Force: <http://sysa.omg.org/>
- OMG General Information: <http://www.omg.org/>
- Richard Soley: soley@omg.org

